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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier
Mixture identification: Trade name:
BELTRACO EXTRA ADHESION (5 L)
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended use:
Mixtures for the industrial and/or professional care and maintenance of leather items.
Uses advised against:
Stick to the recommended use.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Supplier: Beltraco Benelux B.V.
Biestkampweg 21, 5249 JV Rosmalen, Nederland
Tel.: +31 (0)73 645 03 43
E-Mail: info@beltraco.nl
www.beltraco.nl
1.4. Antigifcentrum Dutch National Poison Information Center (UMC Utrecht)
Intended only to inform professional responders of acute poisonings
SECTION 2: Hazards identification
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture
EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)
🔅 Danger, Flam. Liq. 2, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Warning, Eye Irrit. 2, Causes serious eye irritation.
Varning, STOT SE 3, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:
No other hazards
2.2. Label elements
Hazard pictograms:
\wedge
· · ·
Danger
Hazard statements:
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statements:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P261 Avoid breathing vapours/spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, foam, dry extinguishers, nebulised water to extinguish. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Special Provisions:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains

1-methoxy-2-propanol ethyl acetate

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None

2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None Other Hazards: No other hazards.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not available

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification (The higher extreme values, if indicated, are to be considered excluded):

Qty	Name	ldent. Number		Classification
40% - 50%	1-methoxy-2-propanol	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-064-00-3 107-98-2 203-539-1 01-2119457435-35	 2.6/3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336
25% - 30%	ethyl acetate	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	607-022-00-5 141-78-6 205-500-4 01-2119475103-46	 2.6/2 Flam. Liq. 2 H225 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H336 EUH066
10% - 12.5%	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethan	DI Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-096-00-8 112-34-5 203-961-6 01-2119475104-44	 ◆ 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

For the full text of the hazard statements (H) see section16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye. In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY. In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For the most important symptoms and effects, caused by exposure, see the label (section 2) and/or section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).
Treatment:
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1. Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing media:

CO2, foam, dry extinguishers, nebulised water. Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: Do not use jets of water as it can cause the spread of fire.

- Water can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.
- 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not inhale combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. EQUIPMENT

Fire fighting clothing i. e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure air breathing apparatus (BN EN 137).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear personal protection equipment.Eliminate all unguarded flames and possible sources of ignition. Do not smoke.Remove persons to safety.See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities. Suitable material for taking up: inert absorbing material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leak or spill if this is not a risk. Use inert absorbent material to surround the contaminated area. Collect the product wearing, if necessary, appropriate protective equipment for a possible recovering or for disposal. Dispose in line with current laws and norms. Do not pour into drains.

- 6.4. Reference to other sections
 - See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling Do not eat or drink while working. Do not smoke. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists. Avoid contemporary handling of any incompatible materials (see section 10). Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned. Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers. Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas. Wash hands thoroughly after shift. See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment. 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in a well-ventilated place at a temperture between +5/40°C. Always keep in a well ventilated place. Keep away from unguarded flame, sparks, and heat sources. Avoid direct exposure to sunlight. Keep away from food, drink and feed. Incompatible materials: None in particular. See also section 10. Instructions as regards storage premises: Cool and adequately ventilated. 7.3. Specific end use(s) None in particular, except those listed in paragraph 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Source: GESTIS International Limit Values Database

1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 50 ppm - STEL: 100 ppm - Notes: A4 - Eye and URT irr TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 184 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 368 mg/m3, 100 ppm EU - TWA(8h): 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL: 563 mg/m3, 150 ppm - Notes: Skin Deutschaland (AGS) - TWA: 370 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL(): 740 mg/m3, 200 ppm Deutschaland (DFG) - TWA: 370 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL: 740 mg/m3, 200 ppm España - TWA: 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL: 568 mg/m3, 150 ppm - Notes: Skin France - TWA: 188 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - Behaviour: Binding Italia - TWA: 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL: 568 mg/m3, 150 ppm - Notes: Skin Nederland - TWA: 375 mg/m3 - STEL: 563 mg/m3 Österreich - TWA: 187 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 187 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert România - TWA: 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL(): 568 mg/m3, 150 ppm Sverige - TWA: 190 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(): 568 mg/m3, 150 ppm Türkiye - TWA: 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL(): 568 mg/m3, 150 ppm United Kingdom - TWA: 375 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL: 560 mg/m3, 150 ppm ethyl acetate - CAS: 141-78-6 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 400 ppm - Notes: URT and eye irr TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 1441 mg/m3, 400 ppm EU - TWA(8h): 734 mg/m3, 200 ppm - STEL: 1468 mg/m3, 400 ppm

Deutschaland (AGS) - TWA: 1500 mg/m3, 400 ppm - STEL(): 3000 mg/m3, 500 ppm Deutschaland (DFG) - TWA: 750 mg/m3, 200 ppm - STEL(): 1500 mg/m3, 400 ppm España - TWA: 1460 mg/m3, 400 ppm France - TWA: 1400 mg/m3, 400 ppm Österreich - TWA: 1050 mg/m3, 300 ppm - STEL: 2100 mg/m3, 600 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert Polska - TWA: 200 ppm - STEL: 600 ppm România - TWA: 400 mg/m3, 111 ppm - STEL(): 500 mg/m3, 139 ppm Sverige - TWA: 500 mg/m3, 150 ppm - STEL(): 1100 mg/m3, 300 ppm United Kingdom - TWA: 730 mg/m3, 200 ppm - STEL: 1460 mg/m3, 400 ppm People's Republic of China - TWA: 200 mg/m3 - STEL(): 300 mg/m3 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol - CAS: 112-34-5 ACGIH - TWA(8h): 10 ppm - Notes: (IFV) - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 66 mg/m3, 10 ppm EU - TWA(8h): 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm Deutschaland (AGS) - TWA: 67 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 100 mg/m3, 15 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour Deutschaland (DFG) - TWA: 67 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 100.5 mg/m3, 15 ppm - Notes: Inhalable fraction and vapour España - TWA: 68 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101 mg/m3, 15 ppm France - TWA: 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm - Behaviour: Indicative Italia - TWA: 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm Nederland - TWA: 50 mg/m3 - STEL: 100 mg/m3 Österreich - TWA: 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL = Kurzzeitwert Polska - TWA: 67 mg/m3 - STEL: 100 mg/m3 România - TWA: 150 mg/m3 - STEL(): 250 mg/m3 Sverige - TWA: 68 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101 mg/m3, 15 ppm Türkiye - TWA: 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm United Kingdom - TWA: 67.5 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 101.2 mg/m3, 15 ppm Legal base: TLV-ACGIH: ACGIH 2014 and updates UE European Union: Directive 2000/39/CE** Deutschaland (AGS): Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe, Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte, TRGS 900** Deutschaland (DFG): MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012** España: INSHT Limites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015** France: Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agentes chimiques en france. ED 984. INRS (2006)** Italia: Decreto Ministeriale 26/02/2004** Nederland: Nationale wettelijke publieke grenswaarden** Österreich: Grenzwerteverordnung 2003 - GVK 2003** România: HOTARÂRE Nr. 1218 din 6 septembrie 2006 and Complement from 2012 at www.mmuncii.ro** Sverige: Occupational Exposure Limit Values, Statute Book of the Swedish Work Environment Authority, AFS 2011:18, English Tranlsation** United Kingdom: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits** **and updates **DNEL Exposure Limit Values** 1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2 Consumer: 3.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 369 mg/m - Consumer: 43.9 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 553.5 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 50.6 mg/kg - Consumer: 18.1 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

ethyl acetate - CAS: 141-78-6 Worker Industry: 1468 mg/m - Consumer: 734 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 1468 mg/m - Consumer: 734 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 63 mg/kg - Consumer: 37 mg/m - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 734 mg/m - Consumer: 367 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 734 mg/m - Consumer: 367 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Consumer: 4.5 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol - CAS: 112-34-5 Consumer: 5 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 101.2 mg/m - Consumer: 60.7 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Industry: 67.5 mg/m - Consumer: 40.5 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Industry: 67.5 mg/m - Consumer: 40.5 mg/m - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Industry: 83 mg/kg - Consumer: 50 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects PNEC Exposure Limit Values 1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 10 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 52 mg/kg Target: Marine water - Value: 1 mg/l Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 5.2 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 4.59 mg/kg Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 100 mg/l ethyl acetate - CAS: 141-78-6 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.24 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.024 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 1.15 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.115 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.148 mg/kg Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 650 mg/l Target: Food chain - Value: 0.2 g/kg - Type of hazard: Secondary poisoning 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol - CAS: 112-34-5 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1.1 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.11 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 4.4 mg/kg Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.44 mg/kg Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 200 mg/l Target: Food chain - Value: 56 mg/kg - Type of hazard: Secondary poisoning Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.32 mg/kg **Biological Exposure Index** 1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2 Value: 15 mg/L - medium: Urine - Biological Indicator: Propyleneglycol 1-methyl ether - Sampling Period: End of turn (TRGS 903)

8.2. Exposure controls

As the adoption of adequate preventive measures must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that:

- in case of inhalation exposure limit values, the workplace is well ventilated through an effective local

aspiration system or other technical equipment, in order to maintain airborne levels below the exposure limits values

- if inhalation exposure limit values are not applicable, a good general ventilation is generally sufficient for most operations

- an emergency shower with face and eye wash station is available

- personal protective equipment is CE marked, in compliance with applicable standards Individual protection measures

Use in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapours. Do not get in eyes and on skin.

Adopt a correct personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas.

Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Eye protection:

Use eye protecting goggles suitable to chemical risks.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin.

Protection for hands:

Protect hands with gloves suitable for protection against chemical agents (see standard EN 374).

In case of short-term exposure (splash protection):

Nitrile, neoprene or butyl rubber gloves

Breakthrough time: 30 min

Minimum thickness: 0.4 mm

In case of long-term exposure:

Butyl rubber, Viton or nitrile gloves

Breakthrough time: 480 min

Minimum thickness: 0.7 mm

The information provided here is indicative. The following parameters should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, failure time and permeability.

In case of chemical mixtures, the work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and frequency of use. Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation, prolonged exposure or mists/vapours/aerosol exposure (eg. spray application) use a respiratory protective equipment (eg. full face mask according to the DIN EN 136 standard with A Filter for organic gases and vapours according to DIN EN 141).

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Appearance and colour:	Liquid,colourless	UNI EN ISO 15528:2003 (3.11+6.7)/UNI EN ISO 1513:1996	
Odour:	charatteristic		
Odour threshold:	Not available		
pH:	Not Relevant*		
Melting point / freezing point:	<0 °C	Expert judgement	
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	>80 °C	Expert judgement	
Flash point:	-2 °C	Expert judgement	
Evaporation rate:	Not available		

Calial/was flaws was hility u	Net Delevent*		
Solid/gas flammability:	Not Relevant*		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not available		
Vapour pressure:	Not available		
Vapour density:	Not available		
Relative density:	0.95 +/- 0.05 g/cm3	UNI EN ISO 2811-1	
Solubility in water:	not miscible		
Solubility in oil:	miscible in organic solvents		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available		
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available		
Decomposition temperature:	Not available		
Viscosity:	Not available		
Explosive properties:	Not Relevant*		
Oxidizing properties:	Not Relevant*		

*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Miscibility:	Not available		
Fat Solubility:	Not available		
Conductivity:	Not available	-	
Substance Groups relevant properties	Not available		

*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

VOC total content: 79-81%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1. Reactivity Stable under normal conditions
- 10.2. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions
- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
- None in particular in the normal conditions of use.
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable under normal storage/use conditions.

- 10.5. Incompatible materials
- 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
 - May produce toxic and noxious fumes in case of fire.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

Serious eye damage/irritation Stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation.

Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness. STOT-single exposure This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis. Further information No one in particular. Toxicological information of the product: a) acute toxicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met b) skin corrosion/irritation Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met c) serious eye damage/irritation The product is classified: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 d) respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met e) germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met f) carcinogenicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met g) reproductive toxicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met h) STOT-single exposure The product is classified: STOT SE 3 H336 i) STOT-repeated exposure Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met i) aspiration hazard Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product: 1-methoxy-2-propanol - CAS: 107-98-2 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5300 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 13000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 54.6 mg/l - Duration: 4h ethyl acetate - CAS: 141-78-6 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 5620 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rabbit = 1600 mg/kg 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol - CAS: 112-34-5 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 2410 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit = 2764 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 29 Ppm - Duration: 2h Further information No one in particular.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt sound working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Not classified for environmental hazards Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12.2. Persistence and degradability None

Not available

- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Not available
- 12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available

- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None
- 12.6. Other adverse effects None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number			
ADR/RID UN number: 19	93		
IMDG-Un number: 1993			
IATA-Un number: 1993			
14.2. UN proper shipping na	me		
	e: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.	S.	
	(ethyl acetate, 1-me		
IATA-Technical name: FI	AMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.		
ATA-rechined name. T	(ethyl acetate, 1-me	thoxy 2 propagal)	
IMDC Technical name	-	501079-2-010041101)	
IMDG-Technical name: F	LAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	though 2 proposal)	
14.2. The new set becaused also	(ethyl acetate, 1-me	ethoxy-z-propanor)	
14.3. Transport hazard class	s(es)		
ADR-Class: 3			
ADR-Label: 3			
Rail (RID): 3			
Air (ICAO/IATA): 3			
IATA-Label: 3			
IMDG-Class: 3			
IMDG-Label: 3			
14.4. Packing group			
ADR/RID-Packing Group:	. 11		
IATA-Packing group: II			
IMDG-Packing group: II			

14.5. Environmental hazards 14.6. Special precautions for user ADR/RID-Tunnel Restriction Code: (D/E) IMDG-Technical name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate, 1-methoxy-2-propanol) IMDG-EMS: F-E,S-E

Segragation Group: None .

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)	
Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)	
Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)	
Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)	
Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013	
Regulation (EU) 2015/830	
Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)	
Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP))	
Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC)	
1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:	
Restrictions related to the product:	
Restriction 3	
Restriction 40	
Restrictions related to the substances contained:	
Restriction 55	
Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :	
Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)	
Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).	
Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)	
Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):	
Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1	
Product belongs to category: P5c	
15.2. Chemical safety assessment	
No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.	
Pased on information we have a Chemical Safety Assessment if expected has been carried out for the	

Based on information we have, a Chemical Safety Assessment, if expected, has been carried out for the substances in the mixture by the manufacturer or the importer.

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Flam. Liq. 2	2.6/2	Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	2.6/3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	Expert judgement
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Further information

The information is considered correct, but it is not exhaustive and it shall be used only as a guide which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and it is applicable to the safety precautions appropriate for the product.

The information given is based on our present knowledge, at the time of sending the data sheet and only serves for describing the product for security reasons, without guaranteeing specific properties.

Due to the various uses of our product and for factors not dependent on us, no responsibility is accepted for the use of this information.

Please keep your records up to date and make this sheet available to all relevant personnel. This safety sheet cancels and substitutes any other previous issue.

Main bibliographic sources: NIOSH - Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983) I.N.R.S. - Fiche Toxicologique ECHA database on registered substances (http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx) ECHA Classification and Labelling Inventory (http://echa.europa.eu/clp/c_l_inventory_en.asp) GESTIS hazardous substances database of German Berufsgenossenschaften (http://www.dguv.de/ifa/Gefahrstoffdatenbanken/GESTIS-Stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp)

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.